## (As they develop)

# Spot to Spot

## Let's 'Play to Learn'

Encourage the children to explore:

- Placing markers within their bubble so they can stand with one foot on each marker
- · Adding more markers (up to 4) so that they can place a body part on each marker e.g. hand, hand, foot,
- · Lifting one hand or one foot off the marker for the count of '3 hananas'
- Tummy facing upwards or back facing upwards







#### Resources

 Throw-down markers/chalk markings

#### Questions

- · How close together can you place your markers?
- · How far apart can you place your markers and stau still?
- · What body parts are the best to use when the markers are far apart?
- · Is it easier to lift a hand or a foot off the markers?
- · Which do you find easier tummy facing upwards or back facing upwards?

#### Key words

- · name of body parts, body **awareness**
- · reach. stretch. balance
- far apart, close together
- · tummy facing upwards, back facing upwards

## Opportunities to:

- develop increasing control over large body movements
- recognise and use different body parts
- show improved balance and coordination

### Safety & organisation

#### Ensure:

- · the surface is clean and free from obstructions
- · children work in their 'bubbles'















- Developing increasing control over large body movements
  - · Recognising and using different body parts
  - · Showing improved balance and coordination



sometimes



- describe their actions or another child's actions using positional language
- identify similarities and differences between their own and another child's actions
- explore placing the markers at the corners of 2D shapes
- use smaller markers
- respond to specific instructions, e.g. hand on red marker, foot on blue marker

#### Encourage the child to:

- · copy another child or a practitioner
- discuss where it would be best to place the markers before trying
- · work with another child to help one another

#### Rich opportunities

- LLC: Oracy listen and respond to instructions and extend their vocabulary through activities that encourage their interest in words
- · MD: Shape, position and movement recognise similarities and differences of 2D shapes